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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/782,004	02/12/2001	Bassil I. Dahiyat	067461-5041-US01	1900
67374 7590 01/15/2008 MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS, LLP ONE MARKET SPEAR STREET TOWER SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105			EXAMINER	
			BORIN, MICHAEL L	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1631	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
•	09/782,004	DAHIYAT ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Michael Borin	1631			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailling date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS e, cause the application to become ABANI	TION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 October 2007. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>36-41</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>36-41</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	cepted or b) objected to by drawing(s) be held in abeyance tion is required if the drawing(s)	. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/N	mary (PTO-413) lail Date mal Patent Application			

DETAILED ACTION

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/23/2007 has been entered.

Rejections not reiterated from previous Office actions are hereby withdrawn.

Amendments to claim 1 obviated the rejections of record and necessitated new ground of rejection. The following rejections constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Status of Claims

1. Claims 36-41 are pending. Claim 36 is amended.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, second paragraph

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 36-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 36, it is not clear how applying force field

calculation to particular <u>residue</u>, per step c) will result in a <u>library</u>, rather than a set of energy-optimized residues. It seems that a step of recombining the optimized residues into sequences is omitted.

Further, it is not clear in which way primary library is different from secondary libraries. In the case that native residue is energy-optimal, which is often the case, the "optimized" sequences in primary library will comprise the native residues - i.e., the "set" addressed in step d) will comprise both "variant" residues and "native" residues — and thus the secondary library will be the same as primary. Is secondary library obtained by random permutation of energy-optimal and "less-optimal" residues from the set?

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102 and 103

3. Claims 36-41 are rejected as being unpatentable over Wang et al (Protein Engineering, 9 (6), 479-484, 1996) and Dahiyat, 1997 (J. Mol. Biol., 1997, 273, 789-796).

The claims are directed to method for generating of at least one non-naturally occurring variant protein with at least one desired characteristic relative to a target protein comprising:

- a) inputting the coordinates of said target protein into a computer;
- b) identifying a list of variable residue positions in said target protein based upon said at least one desired characteristic
- c) applying a force field calculation to said variable residue positions to generate a primary library comprising optimized variant protein sequences;

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- d) generating a set of amino acid residues at each of said variable residue positions by combining:
 - (i) at least one variant amino acid in said primary library at said variable residue position, and
 - (ii) the amino acid residue of said target protein at said variable residue position;
- e) generating a plurality of protein sequences by combining into the sequence of said target protein each of said set of amino acid residues at each of said variable residue positions to generate a secondary library of protein sequences, wherein at least one member of said secondary library is not found in said primary library; and
- f) synthesizing a plurality of said secondary library protein sequences and screening said sequences to identify at least one non-naturally occurring variant protein with said at least one desired characteristic.

Wang et al teach use of force field to design protein variants. Based on protein main chain characteristics, the mean force field was constructed to evaluate the compatibility between an amino acid residue and its environment, from which a position-dependent protein mutant profile was constructed. At each position along a protein sequence, the native residue was replaced by the other 19 types of amino acid residues. The reference concludes that creating such libraries can be used as a guide in protein engineering and as an effective scoring matrix in protein sequence—structure alignment studies.

In particular the method comprises the following steps which are correlated to the steps of the instant method as follows:

Instant claim 36	Wang et al	
a) inputting the coordinates of said	See p. 479, bottom.	
target protein into a computer;		
b) identifying a list of variable residue	In Wang's case, all residues are "variable".	
positions in said target protein based upon	see obviousness part of rejection below.	
said at least one desired characteristic		
c) applying a force field calculation to	For each residue in the sequence, Wang	
said variable residue positions to generate	applies force field calculation to 19 other	
a primary library comprising optimized	natural amino acid residues. This is	
variant protein sequences;	viewed as generating a "primary library"	

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- d) generating a set of amino acid residues at each of said variable residue positions by combining:
 - (i) at least one variant amino acid in said primary library at said variable residue position, and
 - (ii) the amino acid residue of said target protein at said variable residue position, and
- e) generating a plurality of protein sequences by combining into the sequence of said target protein each of said set of amino acid residues at each of said variable residue positions to generate a secondary library of protein sequences, wherein at least one member of said secondary library is not found in said primary library

Fig 1 in Wang compiles sequences obtained by generating sets of residues for each "variable residue" in the order of energy efficiency and recombining them into sequences in the order of sequence of the original protein. Since for each position Fig. 1 comprises both the substituted residues (i.e., residues from "primary library") and the native residue, it results in a set as per step d), and a library as per step e). Since the latter library is comprised of sequences comprises native residues in addition to mutant residues in "primary" library, it is different in at least one member from the library comprised only of mutant residues.

Wang does not teach identifying particular residues based upon said at least one desired characteristic. However, it would be obvious to one skilled in the protein

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modeling art that mutation of all residues of target protein would be exhaustive and useless and it will completely obliterate the functions of the original protein. Usually performed is such modifying of residues that seem to be beneficial. see, for example Dahiyat, 1997. When there is motivation to solve a problem and there are a finite number of identified, predictable solutions, a person of ordinary skill has good reason to pursue the known options within his or her technical grasp. If this leads to anticipated success, it is likely the product not of innovation but of ordinary skill and common sense. Thus, Examiner consider obvious first identifying particular residues of interest in the method of Wang et al.

Further, Wang et al does not explicitly teach synthesizing a plurality of protein sequences and screening their activity. However, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art that the desirable end stage of any protein modeling is synthesis of proteins of interest and verifying its desirable functions.

Further, with regard to claims 37-41, selection of PCR method to synthesize proteins would be obvious to an artisan as it is one of the main methods of protein synthesis, and selection of particular parameters of PCR would be obvious to an artisan as a part of routine selection of optimal parameters.

Conclusion.

6. No claims are allowed

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Borin whose telephone number is (571) 272-0713. The examiner can normally be reached on 9am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marjorie Moran can be reached on (571) 272-0720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Michael Borin, Ph.D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1631

mlb